## IN THE CLAIMS

Please amend the claims as follows:

Claims 1-3 (Cancelled).

Claim 4 (Withdrawn): A method of manufacturing an ultrasonic probe, comprising:

a first step of forming a resin layer on at least one of upper and lower surfaces of a

single-crystal piezoelectric members, the resin layer having smaller acoustic impedance than
the single-crystal piezoelectric member;

a second step of cutting the single-crystal piezoelectric member and the resin layer, thereby to form a plurality of kerfs; and

a third step of filling the plurality of kerfs with resins.

Claim 5 (Withdrawn): The method according to claim 4, wherein the plurality of kerfs are formed like a grid in the second step.

Claim 6 (Withdrawn): The method according to claim 4, further comprising a fourth step of polishing the resin layer to remove the resin layer.

Claim 7 (Withdrawn): A method of manufacturing an ultrasonic probe, comprising: a first step of adhering a plurality of single-crystal piezoelectric members to a resin sheet;

a second step of cutting the piezoelectric single-crystal members and the resin sheet, thereby to form a plurality of kerfs; and

a third step of filling the plurality of kerfs with resins.

Claim 8 (Currently Amended): An ultrasonic probe comprising:

a plurality of piezoelectric members formed of solution-based single-crystal containing at least plumbum titanate, and arranged like an array;

a <u>plurality of first electrode electrodes</u> formed on [[a]] lower <u>surfaces</u> of <u>each</u> of the piezoelectric members, the lower surface being an opposite side of an acoustically emitting side;

a backing member which supports the plurality of piezoelectric members; and a first flexible printed wiring board which is arranged between the first electrode and the backing member, includes having a plurality of first pattern wires each having a width smaller than a width of each of the piezoelectric member members in an array direction a longitudinal direction of the ultrasonic probe, extending in a longitudinal direction of each of the piezoelectric members, and connected to the first electrode along the longitudinal direction of each of the piezoelectric members, and connects the plurality of pattern wires configured to lead and connect the first electrodes to an ultrasonic diagnosis apparatus body.

Claim 9 (Currently Amended): The ultrasonic probe according to claim 8, further comprising:

a <u>plurality of</u> second <u>electrode</u> <u>electrodes</u> formed on <u>an</u> upper <u>surface</u> <u>surfaces</u> of <u>each</u> of the piezoelectric members, the upper <u>surface</u> being the acoustically emitting side; and

a second flexible printed wiring board including a plurality of second pattern wires

each having a width smaller than a width of each of the piezoelectric member members in the

longitudinal an array direction of the ultrasonic probe, and connecting the plurality of second

pattern wires configured to lead and connect the second electrode to ground.

Claim 10 (Withdrawn): A method of manufacturing an ultrasonic probe, comprising:

a first step of adhering a flexible printed wiring board and a single-crystal piezoelectric member to each other, the flexible printed wiring board having conductive layers each having a predetermined width, which are patterned in parallel on a resin member; and

a second step cutting the flexible panted wring board and the single-crystal piezoelectric member together, along and between the conductive layers, thereby to form a piezoelectric vibration element array having a width smaller than a width of each of the conductive layers.

Claim 11 (Currently Amended): An ultrasonic probe comprising:

a plurality of piezoelectric members formed of solution-based single-crystal comprising at least plumbum titanate, and arranged like an array;

a <u>plurality of first electrode electrodes</u> formed on [[a]] lower <u>surface surfaces</u> of <u>each</u> of the piezoelectric members, the lower <u>surface being an opposite side of an acoustically emitting side</u>;

a backing member which supports the plurality of piezoelectric members;

a first flexible printed wiring board which is arranged between the first electrode and the backing member, includes having a plurality of first pattern wires each having a width smaller than a width of each of the piezoelectric member members in an array direction a longitudinal direction of the ultrasonic probe, extending in a longitudinal direction of each of the piezoelectric members, and connected to the first electrode along the longitudinal direction of each of the piezoelectric members, and connects the plurality of first pattern wires configured to lead and connect the first electrodes to an ultrasonic diagnosis apparatus body;

a <u>plurality of</u> second <u>electrode</u> <u>electrodes</u> formed on <u>an</u> upper <u>surface</u> <u>surfaces</u> of <u>each</u> of the piezoelectric members, the upper <u>surface</u> being the acoustically emitting side; and

a second flexible printed wiring board including a plurality of second pattern wires

each having a width smaller than a width of each of the piezoelectric member members in a

longitudinal an array direction, leading and connecting the electric wires of the ultrasonic

probe and which connecting a plurality of the second pattern wires to ground.

Claim 12 (Currently Amended): An ultrasonic probe comprising:

a plurality of single-crystal piezoelectric members;

a plurality of lower resin layers each of which is are formed on a lower surface surfaces of the piezoelectric members and each of which has have smaller acoustic impedance than the piezoelectric members, a cutting characteristic and electrical conductivity so as to function as an electrode electrodes, an acoustic impedance of  $2 \times 10^6$  g/m<sup>2</sup> to  $10 \times 10^6$  g/m<sup>2</sup> so as to function as an acoustic matching layer layers, the lower surface surfaces being an opposite side of an acoustically emitting side; and

a backing member which supports the single-crystal piezoelectric members

a first flexible printed wiring board having a plurality of pattern wires having a width smaller than a width of each of the piezoelectric members in an array direction, extending in a longitudinal direction of each of the piezoelectric members, and configured to lead and connect the first electrodes to an ultrasonic diagnosis apparatus body.

Claim 13 (Currently Amended): An ultrasonic probe comprising:

a plurality of 1-3 or 2-2 type composite piezoelectric members formed of solutionbased single-crystal comprising at least plumbum titanate, a plurality of lower resin layers each of which is are formed on [[a]] lower surface surfaces of the piezoelectric members and each of which has have smaller acoustic impedance than the piezoelectric members, a cutting characteristic and electrical conductivity so as to function as an electrode electrodes, an acoustic impedance of  $2 \times 10^6$  g/m<sup>2</sup> to  $10 \times 10^6$  g/m<sup>2</sup> so as to function as an acoustic matching layers layer; and

a first flexible printed wiring board having a plurality of pattern wires having a width smaller than a width of each of the piezoelectric members in an array direction, extending in

a backing member which supports the single-crystal piezoelectric members

a longitudinal direction of each of the piezoelectric members, and configured to lead and

connect the first electrodes to an ultrasonic diagnosis apparatus body.

Claim 14 (Currently Amended): The ultrasonic probe according to claim 11, wherein each of the plurality of first pattern wires included in the second flexible printed wiring board extends extend along an entire length of each of the piezoelectric members member.

Claim 15 (Previously Presented): The ultrasonic probe according to claim 8, further comprising an upper resin layer which is formed on an upper surface of the piezoelectric member, the upper surface being the acoustically emitting side, and which has smaller acoustic impedance than the piezoelectric member, and a cutting characteristic and electrical conductivity so as to function as an electrode.

Claim 16 (Cancelled).

Claim 17 (Previously Presented): The ultrasonic probe according to claim 12, further comprising an upper resin layer which is formed on an upper surface of the piezoelectric member, the upper surface being the acoustically emitting side, and which has smaller acoustic impedance than the piezoelectric member, a cutting characteristic and electrical conductivity so as to function as an electrode, an acoustic impedance of  $2 \times 10^6$  g/m<sup>2</sup> to  $10 \times 10^6$  g/m<sup>2</sup> and functions as an acoustic matching layer.

Claim 18 (Cancelled).

Claim 19 (Currently Amended): An ultrasonic probe comprising:

a plurality of single-crystal piezoelectric members,

a plurality of lower resin layers each of which is are formed on [[a]] lower surface surfaces of the piezoelectric members and each of which has have smaller acoustic impedance than the piezoelectric members, a cutting characteristic and electrical conductivity so as to function as an electrode electrodes, the lower surface surfaces being an opposite side of an acoustically emitting side; and

a plurality of wires each of which is are arranged on each of the lower resin layers, extends extend along an entire length of each of the piezoelectric members and is are connected to each of the lower resin layers along the longitudinal direction of each of the piezoelectric members.

Claim 20 (Currently Amended): An ultrasonic probe comprising:

a plurality of 1-3 or 2-2 type composite piezoelectric members formed of solutionbased single-crystal containing at least plumbum titanate; a plurality of lower resin layers each of which is are formed on [[a]] lower surface surfaces of each of the piezoelectric members and each of which has have smaller acoustic impedance than the piezoelectric members, a cutting characteristic and an electrical conductivity so as to function as an electrode electrodes, the lower surface surfaces being an opposite side of an acoustically emitting side; and

a plurality of wires each of which is are arranged on each of the lower resin layers, extends extend along an entire length of each of the piezoelectric members and [[is]] are connected to each of the lower resin layers along the longitudinal direction of each of the piezoelectric members.